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1925/26 ✓

PRICE LIST

Dew's Nursery

Chenoweth Lane

ST. MATTHEWS, KY.

TELEPHONES

St. Matthews 106

Highland 2764 L

Nursery Stock
Landscape Gardening
Tree Surgery

"LET DEW DO IT"



NON-WARRANTY

"If any nursery stock, plants, bulbs, or seeds sold by us should prove untrue to name under which they are sold, or if said plant materials are delivered to the transportation company (including shipments by U. S. Mail) in an improper condition, we hereby agree, on proper proof of such untrueness to name, or of such improper condition, to replace such plant materials as originally ordered, or to refund purchase price, at our option. Except for such liability, in respect to all said plant materials sold by us, **WE GIVE NO WARRANTY OR UNDERTAKING, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO DESCRIPTION, QUALITY, GROWTH, PRODUCTIVENESS OR ANY OTHER MATTER.**"

TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS—

We take much pleasure in presenting to you our Fall 1925 and Spring 1926 Catalog.

It is our aim and intention to supply only the best stock at the lowest consistent price. We solicit your orders, promising you that we will endeavor to please you in every way.

TRIMMING OF TREES AND SHRUBS

We have at all times capable men who understand this class of work thoroughly.

THE PRICES named in this list are based upon present market conditions, and are subject to change without notice.

"LET DEW DO IT"

EVERGREENS

ABIES concolor. White Fir. A native evergreen recommended for general planting.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.50
2 to 3 ft.....	3.50
3 to 4 ft.....	6.00
4 to 5 ft.....	7.50

BIOTA orientalis. An evergreen with dense, pyramidal growth; the green foliage turns to brown in autumn.

2 to 3 ft.....	\$2.50
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00

B. orientalis aurea nana. Golden Chinese Arbor-Vitae. A dwarf form of *B. orientalis aurea*, with yellow-tinged foliage.

1 ft.	\$2.50
1 to 1½ ft.....	4.00

BIOTA, Rosedale (Rosedale Hybrid)

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.50
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BIOTA pyramidalis. Pyramidal green.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.50
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.50

CUPRESSUS, Arizona (Arizona Cypress)

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$3.50
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JUNIPERUS, communis hibernica. Irish Juniper. A slender-growing tree taking the form of a column. Foliage bluish green.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1.75
2 to 3 ft.....	2.50
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00

J. Chinensis Pfitzeriana. Distinguished by feathery appearance of foliage and two white lines on the underside. Color silvery green.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$3.25
2 to 3 ft.....	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	7.50

J. communis. Common Juniper. A low-growing shrub, useful for foundation planting and as a ground cover.

1 to 1½ ft.....	\$2.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	2.50

J. communis depressa (canadensis). A dwarf spreading shrub; foliage pale green.

1 to 1½ ft.....	\$1.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	2.50
2 to 3 ft.....	5.00

J. excelsa stricta. A form of the Greek Juniper, with an extremely slender outline.

12 to 15 inches	\$2.50
15 to 18 inches	3.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

EVERGREENS—Continued

Juniperus Sabina Tamariscifolia. Spreading silver juniper.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$4.00
J. Sabina. Savin Juniper. A spreading shrub with dense dark green foliage.	
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$2.00
1½ to 2 ft.....	3.50
J. Schottii.	
2 to 3 ft.....	\$4.75
J. virginiana. Red Cedar. Native from Canada into the Gulf States; freely branching, and with green or bronze-green foliage.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$2.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3.50
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	5.00
5 to 6 ft.....	7.50
J. virginiana elegantissima. Lee's Golden Cedar. with golden bronze.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3.50
J. virginiana glauca. Blue Virginia Cedar. An extremely beautiful form of the Juniper; foliage silvery blue.	
2 to 3 ft.....	\$4.75
3 to 4 ft.....	6.50
4 to 5 ft.....	8.00
5 to 6 ft.....	10.00
PICEA canadensis (P. alba). White Spruce. Light bluish-green foliage. Hardy through all of the northern states and into Canada.	
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$1.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	2.50
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00
P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. A splendid tree for windbreaks, shelter-belts, or as single specimens; the branches are spreading, slightly drooping at the tips.	
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$0.75
1½ to 2 ft.....	1.50
2 to 3 ft.....	2.50
3 to 4 ft.....	3.50
4 to 5 ft.....	5.00
5 to 6 ft.....	6.50
P. pungens. Blue Spruce; Colorado Spruce. Native of the Rocky Mountains; foliage bluish-green, rigid, and shapely pointed.	
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$2.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	5.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	6.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	6.50
3 to 3½ ft.....	10.00
P. pungens Kosteri. Koster's Blue Spruce. Foliage pronounced silvery blue; makes a prominent specimen in an evergreen planting.	
3 ft.	\$15.00
4 ft.	20.00
5 ft.	25.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

EVERGREENS—Continued

PINUS Montana Mughus. Dwarf Pine. A tall shrub or dwarf tree, with bright green foliage. Valuable for rock-gardens.

1 to 1½ ft.....	\$3.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	4.50

P. nigra austriaca. Austrian Pine. A rapid-growing tree which can be adapted to windbreaks and shelter belts.

2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00
5 to 6 ft.....	7.50

P. Strobus. White Pine. The best of the family for commercial or ornamental plantings; native of the United States.

2 to 3 ft.....	\$2.50
3 to 4 ft.....	3.00
4 to 5 ft.....	4.50
5 to 6 ft.....	6.00
6 to 7 ft.....	7.50
7 to 8 ft.....	10.00

P. sylvestria. Scotch Pine. Largely planted for screens and windbreaks. In Europe it is one of the chief timber trees.

2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	5.00
5 to 6 ft.....	6.50
6 to 7 ft.....	8.50

PSEUDOTSUGA Douglasii (Abies Douglasii). Douglas Fir. A tall-growing evergreen with dark green foliage and slightly bending branches.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.00
2 to 3 ft.....	2.50
3 to 4 ft.....	4.50

RETINOSPORA squarrosa veitchi (Veitch Silver Cypress)

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$3.50
2 to 3 ft.....	4.50
3 to 3½ ft.....	6.00

R. pisifera. Sawara Cypress. Horizontal branches with the foliage pressed closely to the stems.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$2.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.00
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00

R. plumosa. Main branches rather upright in growth, with the side shoots bearing plume-like foliage, giving the tree a feathery appearance. May be used for hedge purposes.

1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2.50
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.00
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

EVERGREENS—Continued

R. plumosa aurea. Golden Retinispora. One of the most popular of the golden foliaged evergreens.

1	to 1½ ft.	.....	\$2.00
1½	to 2	ft.	2.50
2	to 2½ ft.	.....	3.50
2½	to 3	ft.	5.00

TAXUS baccata. English Yew. Glossy green foliage; scarlet berries in autumn.

1½	to 2 ft.	.....	\$2.50
2½	to 3 ft.	.....	4.00

THUYA occidentalis. American Arbor-Vitae. One of the most useful evergreens for hedges and screen planting. The branches are rather short and horizontal and covered with bright green foliage which is slightly tinged with yellow on the under surface. May grow from 20 to 30 feet high.

1½	to 2 ft.	.....	\$1.50
2	to 3 ft.	.....	2.00
3	to 4 ft.	.....	3.50
4	to 5 ft.	.....	5.00
5	to 6 ft.	.....	6.00

T. occidentalis globosa. Globe Arbor-Vitae.

12	to 15 in.	.....	\$2.00
18	to 24 in.	.....	3.50

T. occidentalis Hoveyi. Hovey's Golden Arbor-Vitae. Foliage tinted yellow or gold.

1½	to 2	ft.	.....	\$3.50
2	to 2½ ft.	.....		4.50

T. occidentalis var. Ellwangeriana. Soft green foliage, resembling the Retinospora.

1½	to 2	ft.	.....	\$2.50
2	to 2½ ft.	.....		3.50
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	4.50

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae. Upright evergreen; similar to the Irish Juniper. Foliage light green.

1½	to 2	ft.	.....	\$2.00
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	3.50
3½	to 4	ft.	.....	5.00
4	to 4½ ft.	.....		6.00

T. occidentalis lutea. Peabody's Golden Arbor-Vitae. Pyramidal tree; yellow tinted foliage.

1½	to 2	ft.	.....	\$2.50
2	to 2½ ft.	.....		3.00
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	4.50
3	to 4	ft.	.....	6.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

EVERGREENS—Continued

TSUGA canadensis. Hemlock. For enlivening winter aspect of deciduous planting, especially in woods or shade, or in graceful masses, as a hedge plant that stands clipping, or as a specimen; this tree is invaluable.

1	to 1½ ft.	.....	\$2.00
1½	to 2 ft.	.....	3.00
2	to 2½ ft.	.....	3.50
2½	to 3 ft.	.....	5.00
3½	to 4 ft.	6.00
4	to 5 ft.	7.00
5	to 6 ft.	9.00

T. CAROLINIANA, Carolina Hemlock.

1½	to 2 ft.	\$4.00
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BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

ABELIA Grandiflora. An extremely desirable evergreen shrub for southern planting, and entirely satisfactory in certain northern sections if provided with winter protection. Flowers white tinged with pink.

1	to 1½ ft.	\$0.75
1½	to 2 ft.	1.00
2	to 3 ft.	1.75

AZALEA Nudiflora.

1	to 1½ ft.	\$1.00
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AZALEA vaseyi.

1	to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
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AZALEA arborescens.

1	to 1½ ft.	\$1.00
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AZALEA Amoena—Amoena Azalea.

15	to 18 in.	\$3.00
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BUXUS sempervirens.

1	to 1½ ft.	\$2.00
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ENGLISH LAUREL.

2	to 3 ft.	\$4.00
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EUONYMUS radicans. An evergreen climber which can be used in window boxes to good advantage; good for under-planting or ground covering in shady places; a low-trailing habit of growth with small, rich green foliage.

2-year	each,	\$0.75
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E. Japonica. A handsome evergreen shrub; upright compact, dark green, glossy foliage. Attains a height of 6 to 10 feet but can be trimmed at any time and to any form and height desired.

18	to 24 in.	each, \$2.00
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EUONYMUS latifolius. Broadleaf burning bush.

1½	to 2 ft.	\$2.00
2	to 3 ft.	3.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS—Continued

E. Sieboldi. Holds its fine green foliage nearly through the winter here. An upright, well filled shrub with good spread. A desirable plant for massing.	
2-year, 18 to 24 in.; field grown.....	each, \$2.00
E. Vegetus (Evergreen Bittersweet). Destined to become the most popular of evergreen climbing plants. For the beautifying of old tree trunks, stumps, garden walls, etc., it has no equal. Its foliage is unaffected by weather conditions. It absolutely holds its beautiful color at all times, winter or summer. Bears a profusion of red berries in fall and winter.	
2-year	each, \$0.75
ILEX OPACA (American Holly).	
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00
ILEX CRENATA (Japanese Holly).	
12 to 18 in.....	\$3.00
KALMIA LATIFOLIA (Mountain Laurel).	
18 to 24 in.....	\$2.75
MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA (Southern Magnolia).	
2 to 3 ft.....	\$3.00
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	5.00
MAHONIA aquifolium (Holly-leaved Mahonia).	
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$1.50
1½ to 2 ft.....	2.50
M. japonica (Japanese Mahonia).	
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$3.50
PIERIS FLORIBUNDA (Mountain Andromeda).	
15 to 18 in.....	\$3.00
PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS (Japanese Spurge)	
8 to 12 in.....	\$0.25
RHODODENDRON CAROLINIANUM (Carolina Rhododendron).	
18 to 24 in.....	\$4.00
R. CATAWBIENSE (Catawba Rhododendron).	
18 to 24 in.....	\$4.00
R. MAXIMUM (Rosebay Rhododendron).	
18 to 24 in.....	\$4.00

FLOWERING SHRUBS

Althea (Hibiscus Syriacus—Rose of Sharon. One of the best of the old-fashioned shrubs, blooming from July until September.

Althea—White	
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.50
Althea—Purple.	
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.50
Althea—Double pink.	
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.50

“LET DEW DO IT”

FLOWERING SHRUBS—Continued

Althea —Double red.	
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.50
Amygdalus, Var., Alba Flore-Plena —White flowering Almond. Double white, rose-like flowers in May.	
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1.00
3 to 4 feet.....	1.50
A. Var., Rosea Flore-Plena —Pink-flowering Almond.	
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1.00
Aralia Pentaphyllum —Five-leaved Aralia spiny branches, light green, shining foliage.	
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.75
Berberis Illicfolia —Holly-leaved Barberry. Holly-like foliage, that persists until early winter.	
18 to 24 inches.....	\$1.00
B. Thunbergii —Japanese Barberry. Low and spreading, scarlet berries in fall and winter.	
12 to 18 inches.....	\$0.40
18 to 24 inches.....	.50
B. Vulgaris Purpurea —Purple-leaved Barberry. Upright grower, purplish foliage, yellow bloom in May.	
4 to 5 feet.....	\$0.65
5 to 6 feet.....	.85
BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Shrub, or Summer Lilac)	
Magnifica. The finest variety, with immense spikes and large flowers, much darker in color than any other variety.	
2 to 3 feet.....	each, \$0.40
3 to 4 feet.....	each, .50
Calycanthus Floridus —Sweet Shrub. Chocolate-colored flowers in June and July, very fragrant.	
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.75
Callicarpa Purpurea —Purple-fruited, Callicarpa. Pink flowers in August, purple berries in September and October.	
18 to 24 inches.....	\$0.65
3 to 4 feet.....	.85
Cornus Siberica —Siberian Dogwood. Flat clusters of white flowers in May and June, red bark.	
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.35
3 to 4 feet.....	.50
C. Paniculata —Panicked Dogwood. White flowers in June. White fruit in fall.	
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.35
3 to 4 feet.....	.50
C. Stolonifera Var., Aurea —Golden-twiggcd Osier. Bright yellow bark.	
18 to 24 inches.....	\$0.35
2 to 3 feet.....	.50
Cydonia Japonica —Japan Quince. Rosy-red to scarlet flowers in early May.	
18 to 24 inches.....	\$0.65
2 to 3 feet.....	.75

“LET DEW DO IT”

DEUTZIA

- D. Gracilis**—Dwarf Deutzia. Single white flowers in May.
 12 to 18 inch.....\$0.50
 18 to 24 inch......75
- D. Scarbra Var., Candidissima**—Double white Deutzia. Upright, double white flowers in June.
 6 to 7 feet.....\$1.25
- D. Scarbra Var., Pride of Rochester**—Double white flowers in June. Upright, strong grower.
 3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50
 4 to 5 feet......65
 5 to 6 feet......75
 6 to 7 feet..... 1.00
- D. Lemoinei**—Lemoine's Deutzia. Low growing, double white, June.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.75
- Desmodium Penduliflorum**—Sweet Pea Shrub. Drooping sprays of pea-shaped, pink flowers in August.
 Per Clump, \$0.50
 Per Clump, .75
- Americanus Euonymous**—Strawberry Bush. Erect shrub, strawberry-like fruits, with orange-scarlet seeds.
 3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50
 4 to 5 feet......75
- Exochorda Grandiflora**—Pearl Bush. Covered with white flowers in May.
 3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75
 4 to 5 feet..... 1.00
- White Fringe**—
 2 to 3 feet.....\$1.00

FORSYTHIA—GOLDEN BELL

The first shrubs to bloom in spring. Flowers are of a golden-yellow and bell-shaped. Very popular.

- F. Fortunei**—Fortune's Golden Bell. Erect grower, blooms in April.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.40
 3 to 4 feet......50
 4 to 5 feet......65
 5 to 6 feet......75
- F. Suspensa**—Weeping Golden Bell.
 3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50
 4 to 5 feet......65
- Hydrangea Arborescens Grandiflora**—Snowball Hydrangea. Large round, white flowers similar to the snowball, blooming in June and July.
 18 to 24 inch.....\$0.40
 2 to 3 feet......60
 3 to 4 feet......75
- H. Paniculata Grandiflora**—Large-flowered Hydrangea. Large panicles of white flowers, in July and August and turning pinkish in fall.

“LET DEW DO IT”

Hydrangea P. G.—Continued

12 to 18 inch.....	\$0.35
18 to 24 inch.....	.50
2 to 3 feet.....	.75

H. Quercifolia—Oak-leaved Hydrangea. Large spikes of white flowers in July. Foliage resembling that of an oak.

2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.75
3 to 4 feet.....	1.00

Hypericum Aureum—St. John's Wort. Flowers bright yellow in July and August.

2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.50
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Hypericum Platalum Var., Henri—Henry's St. John's Wort. Similar to the preceding flowers golden yellow.

12 to 18 inch.....	\$0.50
18 to 24 inch.....	.75

H. Moserianum—Gold Flower. Dwarf and graceful. Golden-yellow flowers in June and July.

12 to 18 inch.....	\$0.50
18 to 24 inch.....	.75

H. Calycinum—Aaron's Beard. Almost evergreen. Blossoms yellow in early spring.

15 to 18 inch.....	\$0.50
18 to 20 inch.....	.75

Ilex Verticillata—Winterberry. A pretty native shrub with scarlet berries in late fall and winter.

3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.75
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Kerria Japonica—Golden Flower. Slender green-branched shrub, yellow flowers July to October.

2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.75

LIGUSTRUM—PRIVET

L. Ovalifolium—California Privet. The most popular hedge-plants.

18 to 24 inch...10c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$8.00 per 100
2 to 3 feet...12c each; \$1.00 per 10;

L. Regelianum—Regels Privet.

2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.25
3 to 4 feet.....	.45

LODENSE PRIVET—New Dwarf Privet

This is a new and distinct form of privet of extremely compact and low growing habit. It is very useful for low hedges and borders as it stands shearing well, it is also very useful as a decorative plant in tubs, pots, or porch boxes.

1-year plants, 40c each; 50 for \$18.00
2-year plants, 50c each; 50 for \$25.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

PRIVET—Continued

Ligustrum amurense. Amoor River Privet. A large shrub with upright branches, growing 8 to 12 feet tall. Native of China. Leaves dark green and lustrous, tardily deciduous or in the South nearly evergreen. Flowers white, in erect panicles. Splendid for hedges.

18 to 24 inches, 20c each; \$1.50 per 10; \$10 per 100

2 to 3 feet, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$14 per 100

3 to 4 feet, 30c each; \$2.50 per 10; \$20 per 100

L. Ibota. Ibota Privet. A large shrub with graceful arching branches. Native of China and Japan. Leaves dark green and lustrous, 1 to 2 inches long, persisting until the advent of cold weather. Flowers white, in numerous nodding clusters. Berries black with a bloom.

3 to 4 feet, 50c each; \$4.00 per 10 .

LONICERA—BUSH HONEYSUCKLE

L. Fragrantissima—Fragrant. Honeysuckle-bush. Creamy white, very fragrant, flowers in March and April. Foliage dark-green and hangs on practically all winter.

3 to 4 feet.....\$0.65

4 to 5 feet..... .75

L. Morrowii—Japanese Bush—Honeysuckle. Pure white flowers changing to yellow in May; followed by red fruit in August.

3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50

4 to 5 feet..... .75

L. Tartarica Rosea—Tartarian Honeysuckle. Flowers pink to crimson in May, fruit crimson.

2 to 3 feet.....\$0.50

3 to 4 feet..... .75

PHILADELPHUS—MOCK ORANGE

P. coronarius—Common Mock Orange. Pure white flowers in May; very fragrant.

3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50

4 to 5 feet..... .75

P. Grandiflorus—Large flowered Mock Orange. Large creamy white flowers.

3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50

4 to 5 feet..... .75

P. Virginal—Semi-double flowers blooming all summer. Pure white and fragrant.

5 to 6 feet.....\$1.50

Rhodotypus Kerrioides—White Kerria. Single white flowers in June, black berries all winter. Medium grower.

3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50

5 to 6 feet..... 1.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

FLOWERING SHRUGS—Continued

- Ribes Aureum**—Flowering Currant. Yellow flowers in spring, followed by black fruit.
2 to 3 feet.....\$0.40
- Rhus Cotinus**—Smoke Tree. The ripening bloom presents a light airy, mist-like appearance. Large shrub.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75
5 to 7 feet.....\$1.50
- Rhus Aromatica**—Sweet-scented Sumac. Attractive foliage, that emits an aromatic odor when bruised.
4 to 5 feet.....\$0.75
- Rhus Copalina**—Black Sumac. Large shrub. Shiny foliage turning in fall a bright crimson.
4 to 5 feet.....\$0.75
5 to 6 feet.....1.00
- Russian Olive**—*Eleagnus Angustifolia*.
18 to 24 inch.....\$0.25
- Sambucus Pubens**—Red-berried Elder. Large shrub, gigantic trusses in July, followed by masses of red berries.
4 to 5 feet.....\$1.00
6 to 7 feet.....1.50
- Sambucus Nigra, Var., Aurea**—Golden Elder. Golden-yellow foliage, one of the best yellow-leaved shrubs.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50
4 to 5 feet......65

SPIRAEA

- S. Bumalda, Var., Anthony Waterer**—Waterer's Spiraea. Dwarf, pink flowers all summer.
12 to 18 inch.....\$0.50
18 to 24 inch......75
- S. Callosa, Var., Alba**—Fortune's white Spiraea. Dwarf, white blooms all summer.
12 to 18 inch.....\$0.50
- S. Douglasii**—Douglas Spiraea. Upright, deep rose-colored spikes in July and August.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75
- S. Opulifolia Aurea**—Golden Ninebark. Vigorous grower, yellow foliage, white flowers.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50
4 to 5 feet......65
- S. Prunifolia Fl. Pl.**—Bridal Wreath. Tall. Small very double white flowers in early May.
2 to 3 feet.....\$0.50
4 to 5 feet.....1.00
- S. Reevesiana Flore-Plena**—Reeves' Spiraea. Clusters of white flowers in May, 10 days later than Spiraea Van Houtte.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75

“LET DEW DO IT”

SPIRAEA—Continued

- S. Thunbergii**—Thunberg's Spiraea. Dwarf, feathery foliage, white blooms in April or early May. The first spiraea to bloom.
 15 to 18 inch.....\$0.50
 2 to 3 feet......75
 3 to 4 feet..... 1.00
- S. Van Houttei**—Van Houtte's Bridal Wreath. The most popular of all the Spiraea. In May the drooping branches are entirely covered with small single flowers in clusters.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.35
 3 to 4 feet......50
 4 to 5 feet......75
- Symphoricarpos Racemosus**—Snowberry. Medium size, small pink flowers in July. Large white berries in fall.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.50
 3 to 4 feet......75
- Symphoricarpos Vulgaris**—Coralberry. Showy red berries in clusters on graceful drooping branches.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.50
 3 to 4 feet......75

SYRINGA—LILAC

- S. Persica**—Persian Lilac. Purple flowers in long spikes in May.
 3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75
 4 to 5 feet..... 1.00
- S. Rothomagensis**—Rouen Lilac. A very free flowering variety, with large light purple flowers in May.
 3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75
- S. Vulgaris**—Common purple Lilac.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.50
- S. Vulgaris Var., Alba**—Common white Lilac.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.65
 3 to 4 feet......75
- Tamarix Aestivals**—Tamarisk. Delicate, soft pink sprays of flowers from June until September.
 3 to 4 feet.....\$0.50
 4 to 5 feet......65
 5 to 6 feet......85

VIBURNUM—SNOWBALLS

- V. Dentatum**—Arrow-Wood. Flowers creamy white in flat-topped clusters in May. Black fruit.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.60
 3 to 4 feet......75
- V. Lantana**—Wayfaring Tree. White flowers in May and June, red, turning to black fruits.
 2 to 3 feet.....\$0.60

“LET DEW DO IT”

VIBURNUM—SNOWBALLS—Continued

- V. Molle**—Common Viburnum. Large white blooms in May.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.60
- V. Opulus**—Highbush Cranberry. One of the best of the red-berried shrubs for fall effect.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75
4 to 5 feet..... 1.00
- V. Opulus, Var., Sterilis**—Old-fashioned Snowball. Large, pure white blossoms in May.
3 to 4 feet.....\$0.75
4 to 5 feet..... 1.00
- V. Tomentosum, Var., Plicatum**—Japanese Snowball. White blooms in May. Beautiful dark green foliage.
2 to 3 feet.....\$0.75
- V. Prunifolium**—Black Haw. A native with white flowers, followed by large black fruit.
2 to 3 feet.....\$0.75

WEIGELA—WEIGELIAS

- W. Candida**—White Weigelia. Ivory white flowers in June.
2 to 3 feet.....\$0.50
- W. Eva Rathke**—A dark red variety, blooming all summer.
2 to 3 feet.....\$0.75
3 to 4 feet..... 1.00
- W. Rosea**—Rose-colored Weigelia. Beautiful rose pink flowers in great profusion in May and June.
2 to 3 feet.....\$0.50
3 to 4 feet..... .75
4 to 5 feet..... 1.00

CLIMBERS AND TRAILERS

- Ampelopsis Quinquefolia**—Virginia Creeper. This is the true Woodbine or five-fingered ivy.
18 to 24 inch.....\$0.60
- A. Veitchii**—Boston Ivy. Graceful vine clinging to any support.
12 to 18 inches.....\$0.60
- Clematis Paniculata**—Japanese Clematis. Strong grower, star-like pure white flowers in August. Very good.
2-year\$0.50
3-year75
4-year 1.00
- Hedera-Helix**—English Ivy. The popular small-leaved English Ivy.
12 to 18 inch.....\$0.25
18 to 24 inch..... .45

“LET DEW DO IT”

CLIMBERS AND TRAILERS—Continued

Pueraria —Kudzu Vine. The most rapid-growing vine we have.	
Plants	\$0.75
Lonicera Japonica, Var., Halliana —Japanese Honeysuckle. Flowers white, changing to yellow, blooming all summer. Very fragrant.	
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.35
3 to 4 feet.....	.50
L. Sempervirens —Scarlet Honeysuckle. Scarlet trumped-shaped flowers in summer.	
18 to 24 inch.....	\$0.35
2 to 3 feet.....	.50
Lycium Barbarum —Matrimony Vine. Light-purple flowers in June and July.	
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.50
Wisteria Sinensis —Japanese Wisteria. Strong growing, very popular vine. Long pendulous clusters of pale-blue flowers.	
3 to 4 feet.....	\$1.00
W. Sinensis, Var., Alba —White Wisteria. White flowers.	
3 to 4 feet.....	\$1.00

DECIDUOUS & ORNAMENTAL TREES

ACER—MAPLES

A.		Size	Price
A.	Dasycarpum —Silver or Water Maple. The fastest growing Maple. Foliage bright green and silvery white beneath.....	8 to 10 feet	\$1.50
		10 to 12 feet	2.50
		12 to 14 feet	3.50
		2 to 2½ in. cal.	4.00
		2½ to 3 in. cal.	5.50
		3 to 3½ in. cal.	7.50
		3½ to 4 in. cal.	10.00
A.	Platanoides — Norway Maple—The best and most popular shade tree. Of compact habit, stout vigorous growth. Large handsome dark green foliage..	8 to 10 feet	2.50
		10 to 12 feet	3.50
		2½ to 3 in. cal.	6.50
		3 to 3½ in. cal.	10.00
A.	Platanoides Schwedleri —Schwedlers Purple Maple. Purplish crimson foliage in spring, turning in summer into a dark green.....	8 feet	4.00
A.	Saccharum — Sugar or Rock Maple. Similar to Norway Maple. Autumn effect particularly handsome	8 to 10 feet	2.50
		10 to 12 feet	3.50
		2 to 2½ in. cal.	5.00
A.	Hippocastanum — Horse Chestnut. Large symmetrical tree, white flowers...	6 to 8 feet	2.50
Betula	Alba — European White Birch. Tall graceful tree, silvery white bark...	8 to 10 feet	4.00
Betula	Aba. Var., Laciniata —Cutleaf Weeping Birch. The most graceful of the weeping trees; white bark.	5 to 6 feet	2.50
Catalpa	Bignonioides — Umbrella Tree. Dense round heads on slender stems, for formal effect	1 year head	2.00
		3 year head	5.00
Catalpa	Speciosa — Western Catalpa. Large tropical-looking tree; white flowers	6 to 8 feet	.75
		8 to 10 feet	1.00

“LET DEW DO IT”

DECIDUOUS AND ORNAMENTAL TREES—Continued

Cercis Canadensis—Red-bud or Judas Tree. Native tree of medium size. Leaves heart-shaped, rich green; flowers in early spring, borne in clusters of a rose pink color.....	Size	Price
	2 to 3 feet	.40
	3 to 4 feet	.50
	5 to 6 feet	1.00
	6 to 8 feet	1.50
	8 to 10 feet	2.50
C. Chinensis—Japanese Red-bud. Slow growing shrubby tree. Flowers a deeper pink and borne more profusely than preceding.....	4 to 5 feet	1.25
	5 to 6 feet	1.75
Cladrastis Lutea — Yellow Wood. White, pea-shaped flowers in June, gracefully drooping from ends of branches	4 to 5 feet	1.00
	5 to 6 feet	1.25
Cornus Florida—White flowering Dogwood. The well known native Dogwood; white flowers, scarlet berries.	3 to 4 feet	1.50
	4 to 5 feet	2.00
	5 to 6 feet	2.50
	6 to 7 feet	3.50
Cornus Florida, Flore-Plena —Double flowering Dogwood. Same as above with semi-double flowers	4 to 5 feet	2.50
	5 to 6 feet	3.50
Cornus Florida Rubra—Red-flowering Dogwood. Similar to the white Dogwood; flowers a deep rosy pink..	3 to 4 feet	2.50
	4 to 5 feet	3.00
	5 to 6 feet	4.50
Fraxinus Americana—White Ash. A quick-growing massive tree with broad spreading limbs. Foliage dark green, fading to golden yellow	6 to 8 feet	1.00
	8 to 10 feet	2.00
Ginkgo Biloba — Ginko or Maidenhair Tree. Tall tree with horizontal branches. Deep green, thick leaves, resembling those of the Maidenhair fern	6 to 8 feet	2.00
	8 to 10 feet	3.50

“LET DEW DO IT”

DECIDUOUS AND ORNAMENTAL TREES—Continued

	Size	Price
Liquidambar Styraciflua — Sweet Gum. Of medium growth, star shaped foliage. Fine for autumn effect...	5 to 6 feet 8 to 10 feet	1.50 4.00
Liriodendron Tulipifera — Tulip Tree. A popular native tree, growing up to 100 feet, with tulip-like flowers in June.....	6 to 8 feet 8 to 10 feet 10 to 12 feet	1.00 1.50 2.25
Morus Alba Pendula —Tea's Weeping Mulberry. One of the best of the weeping trees. Forms a perfect head, with long, slender willowy branches, drooping to the ground.....	3 year head	3.50
Magnolia Glauca —Sweet Bay. A beautiful native shrub or small tree, with white fragrant flowers in July..	3 to 4 feet	2.50
Malus Floribunda — Pink flowering Crab	4 to 5 feet 6 to 8 feet	\$1.50 3.00
Malus Floribunda Atrosanguinea — Carmine flowered Crab	4 to 5 feet	1.50
Malus ioensis —Bechtels Double flowering. Beautiful double pink fragrant flowers	4 to 5 feet 5 to 6 feet	2.50 3.50
Populus Nigra fastigata —Lombardy Poplar, Tall, rapid growing tree, very slender and graceful.....	. 6 to 8 feet 8 to 10 feet 10 to 12 feet	.75 1.00 1.25
Prunus Pendula — Weeping Cherry	2 year head	3.50
Prunus Pissardi — Purple leaved plum. A handsome small tree with purple foliage. Flowers blush pink	4 to 5 feet 5 to 6 feet 7 to 8 feet	1.50 2.00 3.50
Prunus Persica Albo Plena —Double flowering Peach. Very fine for early spring effect. Flowers white.....	4 to 5 feet	1.25

“LET DEW DO IT”

DECIDUOUS AND ORNAMENTAL TREES—Continued

Quercus Palustris—Pin Oak.	Size	Price
Splendid tree of pyramidal habit. Foliage deep green, finely divided, which assumes yellow and scarlet colors in fall.....	6 to 8 feet	2.00
	8 to 10 feet	3.00
	10 to 12 feet	4.00
	2 to 2½ ins.	6.00
	2½ to 3 ins.	8.00
Salix Babyionica — Weeping Willow. The finest tree of this sort	6 to 8 feet	1.00
	8 to 10 feet	2.50
Salix Caprea—Pussy Willow. A quick growing shrub-like tree. Catkins appearing in early spring		
	4 to 5 feet	1.00
Salix Petandra—Laurel leaved Willow. Small tree or large shrub, foliage dark green and glossy.....	5 to 6 feet	.60
	6 to 8 feet	.75
	8 to 10 feet	1.25
Salix Wisconsonii—Wisconsin Weeping Willow. Not as weeping as the Babyionica, but hardier	6 to 8 feet	.75
	8 to 10 feet	1.25
	10 to 12 feet	3.00
Tilia Vulgaris—Linden Symmetrical tree, heart-shaped leaves	10 to 12 feet	3.00
	10 to 12 feet	4.00
Tilia Europaea—Eup. Linden		

“LET DEW DO IT”

RUNNING ROSES

Aviateur Bleriot—Yellow	
American Pillar—Deep Pink.	
Climbing American Beauty—Rose Pink.	
Dorothy Perkins—Deep Pink.	
Dr. Van Fleet—Flesh Pink.	
Silver Moon—Pure White.	
Tausendschoen—Soft Pink.	
Mary Wallace—Best Pink.	75c and \$1.00

BABY RAMBLER ROSES

Phyllis.	
Joan de Arc.	
Edith Cavell.	
Gruss an Aachen.	\$1.00

EVER BLOOMING ROSES

American Beauty—Red.	
Frau Karl Druschki—White.	
General Jacqueminot—Red.	
Mrs. John Laing—Pink.	
Paul Neyron—Pink.	
Ulrich Brunner—Red.	
Cochet—White and Pink.	
Etoile de France—Crimson.	
Grus An Teplitz—Red.	
Kaiserine Augusta Victoria—White.	
Lady Hillington—Yellow.	
La France—Pink.	
Pink Killarney.	
White Killarney.	
Radiance—Pink and Red.	
Los Angeles—Pink.	
Moss—Pink.	
Sol d'Or.	
Sunburst.	
Hoosier Beauty.	
Testout.	
Bessie Brown.	
Duke of Edinburg.	
Columbia.	
Bon Silene.	
Rosa Rugosa.	
Conrad F. Meyer.	\$0.75

HARDY PERENNIALS

Achillea—The Pearl	\$.....
Anchusa—Dropmorei Var .....	.....
Aquilegia—Columbia .....	.....
Asters— .....	.....
Baptisia—False Indigo .....	.....
Campanula—Canterbury Bell .....	.....
Caryopteris—Blue Spiraea	\$0.50
Centaurea—Corn Flower .....	.....

“LET DEW DO IT”

HARDY PERENNIALS—Continued

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Hardy.

Brown Bessie—Bronze.
 Glory of Seven Oaks—Yellow.
 L'Argentuillaise—Deep Chestnut.
 Oconto—White.

Coreopsis—\$....

Delphinium—Larkspur\$....

Bella Donna.

Bella Mosa.

Dicentra—Bleeding Hearteach, \$0.75

Dianthus Barbatus—Sweet William\$....

Dianthus Plumarius—Hardy Pinks.....\$....

Digitalis—Foxglove\$....

Eulalia—Ornamentale Grasseseach, \$0.40

Funkia Sub. Cordata—August Lily.....\$....

Gaillardia—Blanket Flower\$....

Geum—\$....

Gypsophila—Baby's Breath\$....

Hollyhock—\$....

Hibiscuseach, \$0.60

Dozen, \$3.00

Iberis—Candytuft\$....

Iris—Flagseach, \$0.30

Lathyrus—Hardy Sweet Peaeach, .50

Myosotis—Forget-Me-Not\$....

Papaver—Oriental Poppy\$....

PHLOX—

Miss Lingard—White.

F. G. von Lassburg—White.

Trebaide—Pink.

Brilliant.

PEONIES—

Red, Pink, White.

\$0.50 and \$1.00 per clump.

Platycodon—Chinese Bell Flower.....\$....

Pyrethrum—Colored Daisy.....\$....

Rudbeckia—Golden Glow\$....

Sedum Acre—\$....

Stokesia—Corn Flower Aster.....\$....

Tritoma—Redhot Poker\$....

Violets—Hardy\$....

Yucca—Adams Needle\$....

PRICES—Except where otherwise noted, 25 cents
 each; \$2.50 per dozen.

CANNASPotted, \$3.00 per dozen

DAHLIASPrices as to varieties

Attraction—Lilac.

George Walters—Bright Salmon Pink.

Lord Minto—Pale Yellow.

Mme. Henry Cayeux—Rich Pink.

Mrs. Ferdinand Jeffries—Moroon.

Mrs. Brandt—Salmon Buff.

John Churchill—Salmon Pink.

Rembrandt—Yellow and Pink.

“LET DEW DO IT”

HARDY PERENNIALS—Continued

Mandiana—Ruby Red.
Dr. Tevis,
Mixed.

GLADIOLI—

Dr. Norton—Cream Pink.
Mrs. F. Pendleton—Salmon Pink.
Panama—Rose Pink.
Peace—White.
Mixed.

LILY OF THE VALLEY.....Price as to variety
LILIESPrice as to variety
TUBE ROSESPer doz., \$1.50

FALL PLANTED

SPRING FLOWERING BULBS

FALL PLANTING—Because Hyacinths, Tulips Narcissus, etc., do not bloom until Spring—many people forget to order and plant them until Spring comes and their neighbor's flowers are a belated reminder. All bulbs for blooming indoors during the Winter, or for an outside show in the Spring, must be planted in the Fall—preferably in October.

OUT-DOOR PLANTING may be done any time from the last of September to the first of January, where the ground remains unfrozen, but, if possible, should be done in October or early November. Hyacinths, Tulips and Narcissus should be planted, the top of bulb 4 inches beneath the surface; Lilies, 5 inches. Interval in rows: Hyacinths, 7 inches; Tulips, 5 inches; Narcissus, 12 inches; Lilies, 14 inches.

SOIL—Any good, thoroughly drained soil will grow bulbs well. If it should be in a heavy clay, it would be best to add sand and well-rotted manure to make it loose. The surface of beds should be slightly raised at center so that water will run off quickly, as bulbs are liable to rot if water remains on them any length of time.

WINTER PROTECTION—After the ground is frozen, cover the beds with 4 to 6 inches of leaves if they can be had; if not, coarse manure will do nearly as well; if leaves are used, throw over a little brush or earth to prevent blowing off. In the South where the ground does not freeze more than a slight crust, they will require no protection.

“LET DEW DO IT”

DUTCH BULBS

HYACINTHS—

White, Red, Violet, Pink.....	100, \$6.50; 25, \$2.00
Light Blue	100, \$6.50; 25, \$2.00
Yellow	100, \$6.50; 25, \$2.00
Grape	\$3.50 per 100

TULIPS—DARWIN—

Pride of Haarlem—Dark silky rose, enormous flower.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

Clara Butt—Salmon pink, one of the best.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

F. Sanders—Dark rosy red, with a clear white base.

\$5.50 per hundred; \$1.00 per doz.

Rev. H. W. Ewbank—Silvery heliotrope, rather dwarf.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

Stanley—Rose carmine.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

Moonlight—Light soft yellow.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

Baron de la Tonnaye—Lovely pink.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

Orange King—Orange, very good one.

\$5.50 per hundred; \$1.00 per doz.

Scarlet Beauty.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

La Tulipe Noire—Comes nearest of all to black, enormous blossom.

\$5.00 per hundred; \$0.75 per doz.

Darwin Mixed—\$3.75 per hundred.

TULIPS—BREEDERS

In ten varieties. \$8.00 per hundred; \$1.50 per doz.

NARCISSUS AND DAFFODILS

Emperor—Yellowish perianth, yellow trumpet.

\$8.00 per hundred; \$2.25 per 25

Empress—Pure white perianth with yellow trumpet.

\$8.00 per hundred; \$2.25 per 25

Sir Watkins—Yellow cup rich sulphur perianth.

\$8.00 per hundred; \$2.25 per 25

King Alfred—Large golden yellow trumpet, very large. \$12.00 per hundred.

Excelsior—\$8.00 per hundred.

Poeticus Ornatus—Pure white, orange center.

\$7.00 per hundred; \$0.90 per doz.

“LET DEW DO IT”

CROCUS

Yellow, Light Blue, Dark Blue, Stripped.

\$2.00 per hundred

Snowdrops\$3.50- per hundred

FRUIT

APPLES—

Delicious.

Early Harvest.

Grimes Golden.

Maiden Blush.

Rome Beauty.

Stayman's Winesap.

Yellow Transparent.

York Imperialeach, \$1.25

APRICOT—

Mooreparkeach, \$1.25

CHERRIES—

Early Richmond.

Montmorency.

Gov. Wood.

Black Tartarianeach, \$1.50

PEACHES—

Elberta.

Carman.

Belle of Georgia.

Greensboro.

Lemon Cling.

Early Roseeach, \$0.75

PEARS—

Bartlett.

Keiffer.

Seckeleach, \$1.25

PLUM—

Abundance.

Satsuma.

Shropshire Damson.

Red Juneeach, \$1.25

RASPBERRIES—

Cuthbert—RedPer 100, \$8.00

Cumberland—Black

STRAWBERRIESPer 100, \$9.00

CURRENTS—

Red, Whiteeach, \$0.40

GOOSEBERRY—

Downing—Large roundish, light-green.

Houghton—Medium roundish, pale-red, each, \$0.40

GRAPES—

Agawam—Black.

Catawba—Large, copper-red.

Concord—Large, purplish-black.

Delaware—Medium light-red.

Niagara—Large white.

All Grapes, 2 year, each.....\$0.35

All Grapes, 3 year, each.....\$0.40

“LET DEW DO IT”

LANDSCAPE PLANTING

Houses and other buildings are not natural to the earth's surface and do not appear happy and at ease unless they have what the landscape architect calls a "setting." No matter how fine the material or how beautiful the lines of the house may be, it is not pleasing to look upon unless it appears as part of the landscape.

The buildings and grounds should be a picture, the house, of course, should be the central figure but the surroundings should all lead up to it and harmonize with it. A house properly "set" looks homelike and comfortable.

The foliage of trees and shrubs is indispensable as a background or frame to the picture which is to be created. Everything—the lay of the land, the shape, the size, the color of the house, all must be considered and complete working plans made before proceeding. It is impossible to make any set rule that will suit all places. In fact, no rule will apply to any two places. The individuality of the place must be preserved.

Trees make the sky-line an important feature. They are often invaluable as wind-breaks, and they supply shade and retain moisture—conditions which are essential to the life of some of our choicest flowers.

Some of the trees are noteworthy for their profusion of bloom to such an extent as to almost hide the branches and young leaves. Among these are the cherry and plum, including the varieties that have come to us from Japan; the English Hawthorne with its array of American cousins; and all varieties of Crab Apples and flowering peaches. The flowering Dogwood is another tree noted, along with the Red Bud, for its abundance of bloom. Some of the Willows, are especially attractive when planted near a bog garden, their catkins and bright colored bark, oftentimes making the first announcement of spring.

Among the larger sized trees noted for their bloom are the Lindens, Locusts, Catalpa, Horse Chestnut, and Red Maple, the two first named be-

"LET DEW DO IT"

LANDSCAPE PLANTING—Continued

ing extremely fragrant. The blooms of the Norway and Soft Maples are also worthy of mention, although not so richly colored as the Red Maple. The dark green foliage of the Tulip tree is almost so dense as to hide the inconspicuous flowers, although they are worthy of attention.

There are other ornamental trees which do not attract attention by their bloom, but which have charms all their own. Some of our native trees such as the sturdy oak, in its many varieties; the stately American elm, which unfurls its branches in such majesty that it seems to tower above its neighbors; the sycamore trees with their large, light green foliage are well adapted to city planting for they are little affected by the smoke. The white bark of the sycamore is very attractive in winter.

Sometimes a weeping tree is highly effective when rightly planted on a lawn. One of the choicest of all these is the weeping birch. This tree has many attractive characteristics, which combine to make it one of rare beauty.

No home ground, whether lawn or garden, is quite complete without at least a few of the cone bearing Evergreens. The winter landscape would be dreary and monotonous, indeed, if there were no trees of this kind.

It is well known that the healthy growth of the conifers depends more upon the soil than climatic conditions.

The best soil for Evergreens is a sandy loam of good texture. Lacking this, the soil should be of good depth and well drained. The only conifers suitable to wet locations are the natural swamp lovers, of which two of the most beautiful specimens are the long-leaf Pine and bald Cypress.

There is a large variety of Evergreens—some long lived, some short lived, some tall, some dwarf, some dark green and some light green. Among later introductions are the golden, the blue, and the pendulous forms, each one has its strong points, making it particularly desirable for certain locations.

“LET DEW DO IT”

“Every family can have a garden. If there is not a foot of ground, there are porches and windows. Wherever there is sunlight, plants may be made to grow, and one plant in a tin can may be more helpful and inspiring to some than a whole acre of lawn and flowers may be to another.”

“LET DEW DO IT”